

How to Get There

Victoria Falls and Zambezi National Parks lie on the southern bank of the Zambezi River and include the magnificent Falls themselves. Visitors can travel by car, driving 440 km northwest from Bulawayo, or through the Kazungula Border Post with Botswana, 90 km to the west. The Victoria Falls Border Post is within meters of the Falls for access by road from Zambia. The road from Bulawayo to the Falls is completely tarred, and the roads around the Falls can easily be negotiated by all types of vehicles. Victoria Falls boasts an international airport, with services from Harare and many regional and international destinations. The town is also serviced by the National Railways of Zimbabwe which operate scheduled services linking all main centres in Zimbabwe.



For Reservations
or Further Information contact:

**Zimbabwe Parks and Wildlife
Management Authority
Central Reservations Office**

P. O. Box CY 140, Causeway Harare, Zimbabwe
Tel: +263-4-706077/8, 707624/9, 792786/9
Fax: +263-4-726089 or 724914
Email: natparks@africaonline.co.zw
Cnr. Borrowdale Rd. & Sandringham Dr.
Office Hours: Monday to Friday 08:00 - 16:00

Bulawayo Office

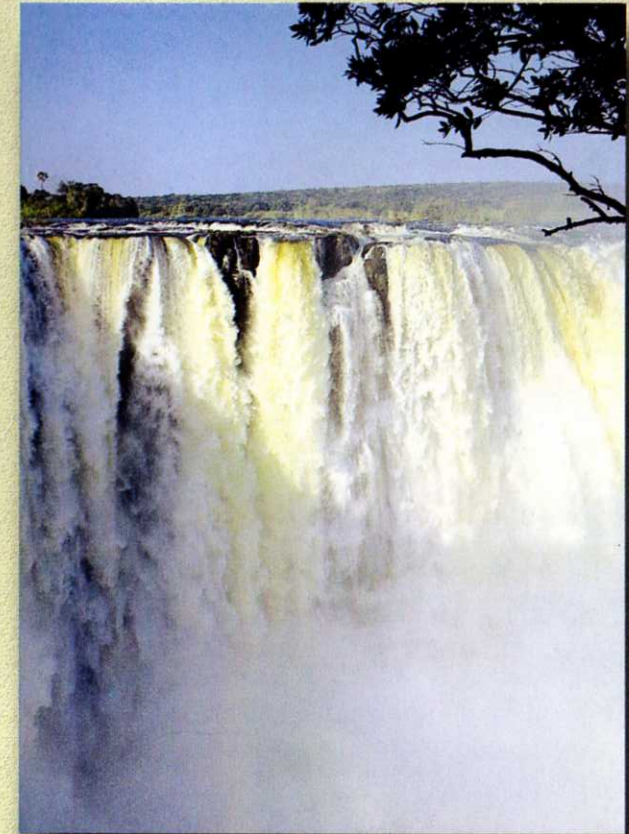
P.O. Box 2283, Bulawayo Zimbabwe
Tel: +263-9-63646
Tel/Fax: +263-9-65592
Cnr. Herbert Chitepo St. & 10th Ave.
Office Hours: Monday to Friday 08:00 - 16:00

Zambezi National Park

The Warden
P. Bag 5925, Victoria Falls Zimbabwe
Tel: +263-13-42294 / 44566
Office Hours: Daily 06:00 - 18:30



Victoria Falls and Zambezi National Parks



**Zimbabwe
Parks and Wildlife
Management Authority**



Victoria Falls and Zambezi National Parks

Victoria Falls, known locally as Mosi oa Tunya - The Smoke that Thunders, is one of the seven "wonders of the world" and one of the largest and most spectacular waterfalls on earth. The Falls are 1.7 kilometres wide and nearly 550 million liters of water cascade 70 to 108 meters into the gorge below - every minute - during the Zambezi River's peak flow.

The rain forest area of Victoria Falls is filled with many unique species of flora and fauna. Wander amongst the Fig, Ebony, Mahogany and

Date Palm groves while gazing at the Falls from magnificent viewpoints. Many species of birds and small mammals may be spotted beneath the protective canopy of the forest. The David Livingstone statue can be found at the left end of the Falls near the spectacular Devil's Cataract viewpoint. On 16 November, 1855, Livingstone (the first Western explorer to view the Falls) wrote in his journal: "... scenes so lovely must have been gazed on by angels in their flight."

Zambezi National Park together with Victoria Falls National Park cover an area of some 56,000 hectares. The northern border of the park is formed by the great Zambezi River which also forms the border between Zimbabwe and Zambia for much of its length. A wide variety of

larger mammals may be found within the Zambezi National Park including The Big Five: elephant, lion, buffalo, leopard and white rhinoceros. In addition, herds of sable antelope, eland, zebra, giraffe, kudu, waterbuck and impala as well as many of the smaller species of game can be viewed. The Zambezi River is home to a large variety of fish and is famous for its bream and fighting tiger-fish.

Zambezi National Park has two main game-viewing sections: the Zambezi River Game Drive, with an extensive network of roads along the river accessed through the main gate of the park, and the 25 km Chamabonda Game Drive in the southern part of the park, which begins about 5 km outside of Victoria Falls Town - just off the main road to Bulawayo.

